

Load shedding impacts the margin recovery

- Famous Brands achieved a robust recovery post Covid 19, HEPS up 37% to 488c, ahead of our 460c forecast. Strong cash flow generation and a healthy balance sheet facilitated an impressive 2H23 dividend of 233c, bringing the full year DPS to 363c, a 68% payout ratio with scope for it to rise further.
- Revenue growth benefited from high food inflation, recovering volumes and a normalisation in royalty fee recovery rates. Leading brands was up 17% and in line with our estimates. Signature brands has recovered strongly post Covid but short of expectations as consumer affordability is challenged. The Supply Chain performed better than expected and is running optimally whilst having to navigate load shedding challenges. Persistently high food inflation (13.6% in Feb 23) should deliver double digit growth in revenue in FY24E (+10.7%), despite anticipated increases in franchisee support due to load shedding.
- GP margins came under greater pressure than anticipated, primarily in 2H, as it became increasingly more difficult to pass on costs to franchisees. GP margins declined from 45% to 42.7% and we envisage them to remain under further pressure into FY24E. Recurring operating margins improved from 10.1% to 11.1% but have not achieved pre Covid levels of 14%. The medium-term outlook is for group margins to continue to improve but loadshedding related costs will hamper FY24E margins, with high forecast risk. At present around 90% (up from 80% in February 2023) of franchisees are able to operate during load shedding. We forecast a slight decline in margins to 11%, led by the SA operations.
- Signature brands remains under review; however, it remains a difficult operating environment to assess the true potential of the brands. Consumers spend is under pressure and finding franchise partners is difficult. The hospital brands and Paul are performing well. Net store numbers declined by 6. We forecast R20.2m of EBIT in FY24E, still below the R22.8m in FY20. Whilst expansion in AME continues, its performance is disappointing – it has circa 10% of stores but only delivers 3% of group EBIT, in part due to expansion costs. We forecast a considerable improvement in its EBIT in FY24E, up 80%, but still below FY20.
- Net debt remained flat, compared to our forecast of a decline. Inventory build up to capitalise on favourable pricing and prevent supply disruptions together with the higher dividend were the primary drivers of the outcome. Capex of R162m was lower than expected and management is guiding for R405m in FY24E, boosted by property investments.
- Management remains confident around the growth prospects for the business, despite the challenging environment. Value offerings, retail partnerships, loyalty programmes, home delivery, piloted new brands, net new store growth and ongoing marketing initiatives are areas of focus to ensure continued share of consumer wallet. We forecast HEPS growth of 10% in FY24E and 16% in FY25 as load shedding related costs are absorbed.
- In our DFCF valuation we calculate a fair value range of R71.69-R89.44, a mid-point of R80. The stock is trading on a forward 11.3x PE.

| ZAR'm (to February) | FY22 | FY23 | FY24E | FY25E |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Revenue | 6,476 | 7,444 | 8,243 | 8,861 |
| EBITDA | 851 | 1,105 | 1,169 | 1,327 |
| Headline earnings | 357 | 489 | 537 | 624 |
| HEPS (ZAc) | 356 | 488 | 535 | 622 |
| PE Ratio | 20.1 | 12.4 | 11.3 | 9.8 |
| Dividend (ZAc) | 200 | 333 | 401 | 466 |
| Dividend yield | 2.8% | 5.5% | 6.6% | 7.7% |

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Price (06/06/2023): R60.71
Market cap R6083mn
Shares in issue 100.2mn

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Price performance - ZAR



Source: FactSet

Figure 1 Financial summary

| Year Ending | FY2020 A | FY2021 A | FY2022 A | FY2023 A | FY2024E | FY2025E | FY2026E |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Income Statement | | | | | | | |
| Sales | 6,495 | 4,684 | 6,476 | 7,444 | 8,243 | 8,861 | 9,479 |
| <i>Sales growth (%)</i> | -15.9% | -27.9% | 38.3% | 14.9% | 10.7% | 7.5% | 7.0% |
| EBITDA | 1,079.8 | 481.2 | 850.7 | 1,104.6 | 1,168.8 | 1,327.3 | 1,432.4 |
| <i>EBITDA Margin (%)</i> | 16.6% | 10.3% | 13.1% | 14.8% | 14.2% | 15.0% | 15.1% |
| EBIT | 912.1 | 119.2 | 629.5 | 861.1 | 902.7 | 1,016.8 | 1,150.6 |
| <i>EBIT Margin (%)</i> | 14.0% | 2.5% | 9.7% | 11.6% | 11.0% | 11.5% | 12.1% |
| Profit before tax | 753.0 | -69.6 | 514.0 | 769.4 | 790.7 | 918.2 | 1,086.5 |
| Net profit | 532.8 | -104.9 | 355.4 | 555.4 | 570.9 | 663.9 | 785.6 |
| Net profit post minorities | 362.4 | -1,239.1 | 317.6 | 524.3 | 536.6 | 624.1 | 738.4 |
| Recurring EBITDA | 1,079.8 | 481.2 | 850.7 | 1,029.1 | 1,168.8 | 1,327.3 | 1,432.4 |
| <i>Recurring EBITDA Margin (%)</i> | 16.6% | 10.3% | 13.1% | 13.8% | 14.2% | 15.0% | 15.1% |
| Recurring EBIT | 912.1 | 294.7 | 654.6 | 826.2 | 902.7 | 1,016.8 | 1,150.6 |
| <i>Recurring EBIT Margin (%)</i> | 14.0% | 6.3% | 10.1% | 11.1% | 11.0% | 11.5% | 12.1% |
| Headline earnings | 417.4 | -86.8 | 356.8 | 488.9 | 536.6 | 624.1 | 738.4 |
| <i>Underlying Net profit margin (%)</i> | 6.4% | -1.9% | 5.5% | 6.6% | 6.5% | 7.0% | 7.8% |
| Reported EPS (ZAR) | 3.61 | -12.34 | 3.17 | 5.23 | 5.35 | 6.22 | 7.34 |
| HEPS (ZAR) | 4.17 | -0.87 | 3.56 | 4.88 | 5.35 | 6.22 | 7.34 |
| <i>EPS Growth</i> | 31.9% | -120.8% | -511.0% | 37.0% | 9.7% | 16.1% | 18.1% |
| DPS (ZAR) | 0.90 | 0.00 | 2.00 | 3.33 | 4.01 | 4.66 | 5.87 |
| <i>Payout ratio (%)</i> | 21.6% | 0.0% | 56.2% | 68.3% | 75.0% | 75.0% | 80.0% |
| Balance Sheet | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash equivalents | 486.3 | 444.4 | 456.2 | 445.5 | 411.1 | 517.3 | 507.7 |
| Current asset (ex – all cash) | 1,046.0 | 856.2 | 878.6 | 1,095.9 | 1,184.3 | 1,262.3 | 1,339.1 |
| Net Fixed assets | 2,226.8 | 667.1 | 640.4 | 904.1 | 1,064.1 | 962.3 | 911.9 |
| Intangible assets | 2,274.9 | 917.5 | 871.6 | 850.5 | 836.5 | 822.8 | 809.3 |
| Investments | 62.3 | 21.7 | 9.4 | 12.1 | 12.1 | 12.1 | 12.1 |
| Other assets | 77.0 | 86.4 | 103.4 | 124.6 | 130.8 | 137.4 | 144.2 |
| Total assets | 6,173.3 | 2,993.3 | 2,959.6 | 3,432.7 | 3,639.0 | 3,714.2 | 3,724.4 |
| Debt excl lease liabilities | 1,678.0 | 1,470.7 | 1,138.2 | 1,218.1 | 1,118.1 | 898.1 | 578.1 |
| Lease liabilities | 1,383.2 | 345.0 | 321.3 | 339.0 | 355.4 | 369.7 | 384.4 |
| Current liabilities | 993.4 | 700.9 | 698.6 | 810.0 | 920.8 | 973.8 | 1,024.8 |
| Other liabilities | 318.1 | 85.8 | 81.0 | 89.9 | 94.3 | 98.9 | 103.7 |
| Total liabilities | 4,372.7 | 2,602.4 | 2,239.1 | 2,457.0 | 2,488.7 | 2,340.5 | 2,091.0 |
| Shareholders' equity | 1,680.0 | 269.5 | 601.2 | 843.9 | 986.3 | 1,172.0 | 1,386.8 |
| Minorities | 120.3 | 121.2 | 119.3 | 131.9 | 166.2 | 206.0 | 253.1 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 1,800.3 | 390.7 | 720.5 | 975.8 | 1,152.5 | 1,378.0 | 1,639.9 |
| <i>BVPS (ZAR)</i> | 18.0 | 3.9 | 7.2 | 9.7 | 11.5 | 13.7 | 16.3 |
| <i>ROE (%)</i> | 25.1% | -7.9% | 64.2% | 57.6% | 50.4% | 49.3% | 48.9% |
| Debt ex leases | | | | | | | |
| <i>Debt: Ebitda</i> | 1.6 | 3.1 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.4 |
| <i>Interest Cover</i> | 5.1 | 2.5 | 6.8 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 10.6 | 15.1 |

| Year Ending | FY2020 A | FY2021 A | FY2022 A | FY2023 A | FY2024E | FY2025E | FY2026E |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Cash Flow | | | | | | | |
| Reported net profit | 362.4 | -1,239.1 | 317.6 | 524.3 | 536.6 | 624.1 | 738.4 |
| Change in net working capital | 111.9 | 41.7 | -47.0 | -145.2 | 22.4 | -25.0 | -25.8 |
| Other adjustments | 466.8 | 1,487.6 | 306.0 | 299.5 | 308.5 | 355.9 | 334.7 |
| Dividends paid | -249.1 | -5.5 | -43.9 | -355.6 | -394.2 | -438.4 | -523.6 |
| Cash flow from operations | 692.0 | 284.7 | 532.7 | 323.0 | 473.4 | 516.5 | 523.7 |
| Net Capex | -148.6 | -68.8 | -126.1 | -150.2 | -412.2 | -194.9 | -218.0 |
| <i>Capex/sales (%)</i> | <i>2.3%</i> | <i>1.5%</i> | <i>1.9%</i> | <i>2.0%</i> | <i>5.0%</i> | <i>2.2%</i> | <i>2.3%</i> |
| Other investing cash flows | 32.6 | 12.0 | 8.6 | -204.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Cash flow from investing | -116.0 | -56.8 | -117.5 | -354.9 | -412.2 | -194.9 | -218.0 |
| Equity raised/(bought back) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Net inc/(dec) in borrowings | -430.0 | -188.3 | -332.7 | 2.2 | -100.0 | -220.0 | -320.0 |
| Other financing cash flows | -123.8 | -134.2 | -100.2 | -80.0 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.8 |
| Cash flow from financing | -553.8 | -322.5 | -432.9 | -77.8 | -95.6 | -215.4 | -315.2 |
| Net cash flow | 31.7 | -94.6 | -18.6 | -99.9 | -34.4 | 106.2 | -9.5 |
| Free cash flow | 822.9 | 418.8 | 519.0 | 595.2 | 559.3 | 853.0 | 887.6 |
| Lease payments | -123.4 | -73.5 | -77.8 | -85.7 | -90.0 | -94.5 | -99.2 |
| Net free cash flow | 699.5 | 345.3 | 441.2 | 509.5 | 469.3 | 758.5 | 788.4 |
| Valuation Summary | | | | | | | |
| Share Price (ZAR) | 53.60 | 46.03 | 71.53 | 71.53 | 71.53 | 71.53 | 71.53 |
| P/E (Underlying) (x) | 12.9 | -53.1 | 20.1 | 14.7 | 13.4 | 11.5 | 9.7 |
| P/BV (x) | 3.0 | 11.8 | 9.9 | 7.3 | 6.2 | 5.2 | 4.4 |
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 6.7 | 15.1 | 8.5 | 6.6 | 6.2 | 5.5 | 5.1 |
| EV/EBIT (x) | 7.9 | 60.8 | 11.5 | 8.4 | 8.0 | 7.1 | 6.3 |
| FCF Yield (%) | 11.6% | 5.7% | 7.3% | 8.5% | 7.8% | 12.6% | 13.1% |
| Dividend Yield (%) | 1.7% | 0.0% | 2.8% | 4.7% | 5.6% | 6.5% | 8.2% |
| Net Debt | 2,575 | 1,371 | 1,003 | 1,112 | 1,062 | 750 | 455 |
| Debt/Equity | 1.43 | 3.51 | 1.39 | 1.14 | 0.92 | 0.54 | 0.28 |
| Net Debt (excl lease liabilities) | 1,192 | 1,026 | 682 | 773 | 707 | 381 | 70 |
| Debt/Equity (excl lease liabilities) | 0.66 | 2.63 | 0.95 | 0.79 | 0.61 | 0.28 | 0.04 |

Source: Company data, FactSet, ASB estimates

Revenue

FY23 reported a sharp recovery in revenue post Covid, with SA operations achieving new highs. High food inflation has been a big driver as volumes still lag in certain segments. Royalty fee recovery rates are back at pre Covid 19 levels, however, they are envisaged to drop now that aid is being offered to franchisees for load shedding related costs. This will be facilitated by fee rebates during times of load shedding, commencing March 2023.

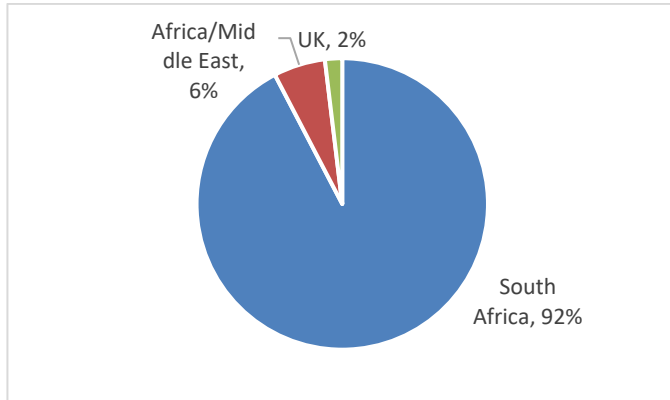
As per the table below, we forecast 10.7% revenue growth for the group in FY24E, still benefiting from persistently high food inflation of circa 13%. Revenue growth drops to 7.5% in FY25E as inflation is anticipated to fall. Retail is coming off a low base and is benefiting from a significant expansion in product offering. AME is anticipated to benefit from ongoing store rollouts in faster growing regions. AME will be negatively impacted by the closure of its Sudan stores due to conflict since the start of FY24E – there are 6 stores in total, circa 3% of total AME stores. Should hostilities end these stores are envisaged to reopen.

Fig 2 Revenue segmental breakdown

| REVENUE | FY22 | FY23 | % | FY24E | % | FY25E | % |
|------------------|--------|--------|------|--------|-------|--------|-------|
| Leading brands | 773 | 904 | 17% | 990 | 9.5% | 1059 | 7.0% |
| Signature brands | 145 | 203 | 40% | 225 | 11.0% | 247 | 10.0% |
| | 918 | 1107 | 21% | 1215 | 9.8% | 1307 | 7.6% |
| Supply Chain | 4496 | 5153 | 15% | 5712 | 10.8% | 6133 | 7.4% |
| Manufacturing | 222 | 175 | -21% | 200 | 14.2% | 214 | 7.1% |
| Gross | 2,770 | 3,006 | 9% | 3,328 | 10.7% | 3,564 | 7.1% |
| Eliminations | -2,548 | -2,831 | 11% | -3,128 | 10.5% | -3,350 | 7.1% |
| Logistics | 4052 | 4705 | 16% | 5184 | 10.2% | 5552 | 7.1% |
| Retail | 222 | 273 | 23% | 328 | 20.0% | 367 | 12.0% |
| Marketing funds | 583 | 612 | 5% | 670 | 9.5% | 717 | 7.0% |
| Corporate | 1 | 2 | 69% | 2 | 10.0% | 3 | 7.0% |
| South Africa | 5998 | 6874 | 15% | 7599 | 10.6% | 8160 | 7.4% |
| | 478 | 570 | 19% | 644 | 13.0% | 701 | 8.8% |
| UK | 133 | 142 | 7% | 152 | 7% | 160 | 5.0% |
| AME | 346 | 428 | 24% | 492 | 15% | 541 | 10.0% |
| TOTAL | 6476 | 7444 | 15% | 8243 | 10.7% | 8861 | 7.5% |

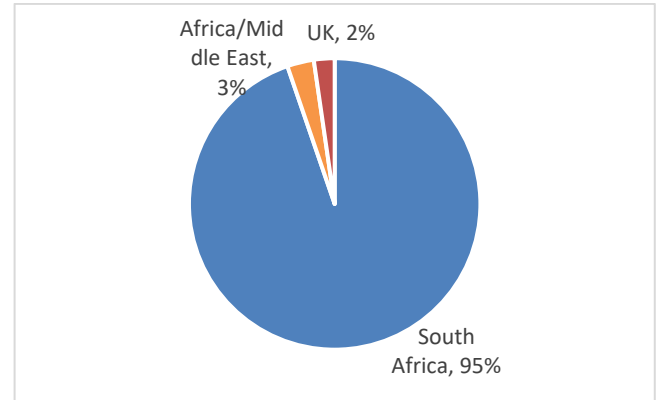
Source: Company data, ASB Research

Figure 3 FY23 – revenue mix



Source: Company data, ASB Research

Figure 4 FY23 – EBIT mix



Source: Company data, ASB Research

EBIT

Figure 5 Recurring EBIT segmental breakdown

| EBIT - recurring | FY22 | FY23 | % | FY24E | % | FY25E | % |
|------------------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| Leading brands | 371 | 462 | 24% | 495 | 7% | 535 | 8% |
| Signature brands | -8 | 14 | -277% | 20 | 49% | 27 | 34% |
| | 363 | 475 | 31% | 515 | 8% | 562 | 9% |
| Supply Chain | 361 | 416 | 15% | 443 | 7% | 495 | 12% |
| Manufacturing | 299 | 302 | 1% | 319 | 6% | 356 | 12% |
| Logistics | 60 | 114 | 89% | 114 | 0% | 128 | 12% |
| Retail | 2 | 0 | -88% | 10 | 4816% | 11 | 12% |
| Corporate | -121 | -108 | -11% | -121 | 12% | -130 | 8% |
| South Africa | 604 | 784 | 30% | 838 | 7% | 928 | 11% |
| | 51 | 44 | -15% | 65 | 49% | 89 | 38% |
| UK | 17 | 19 | 12% | 21 | 8% | 24 | 18% |
| AME | 34 | 25 | -28% | 44 | 81% | 65 | 47% |
| TOTAL | 655 | 827 | 26% | 903 | 9% | 1017 | 13% |

Source: Company data, ASB estimates

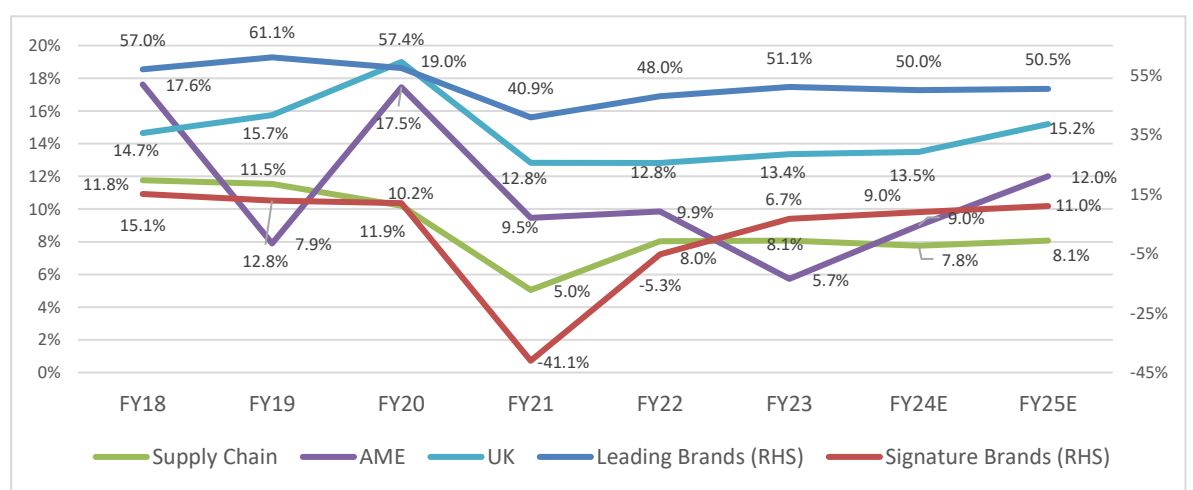
Observations:

- The above excludes the GBK liquidation dividend of R74.7m

- Leading brands margins recovered well in FY23 to 51.1%, however still well short of pre Covid levels of 57.4%. Lower royalty fee recoveries due to load shedding and the inability for consumers to absorb persistently high food inflation will place short term pressure on margins. We forecast the margin to decline to 50% in FY24E and recover gradually thereafter.
- Signature brands margins also improved significantly (to 6.7%) in FY23E and we see scope for further recovery given the low base – we forecast a 9% margin, still well short of the 11.9% in FY20. Management believes this business should deliver 15% margins. Its performance remains under review, there are however certain brands performing well.
- The supply chain will be negatively impacted by load shedding given considerable increases in diesel spend. In 1H23 circa R3m was spent on diesel, this increased to R12m in 2H23. Post February power outages have intensified and the outlook for winter remains negative – we therefore could see diesel costs nearing R35-40m in FY24E. We forecast supply chain margins to fall from 8.1% to 7.8%.
- We see Wimpy UK margins remaining relatively flat with AME rising from a low FY23 base following the continued roll out of company owned stores and some economic headwinds in certain African countries. Net new stores rose by 17 in AME, with 21 new company owned stores. Higher company owned stores as well as an expanded franchise support team in the UAE placed pressure on margins. Tourism in Botswana, Namibia and Mauritius has not returned to pre Covid levels placing further pressure on margins.

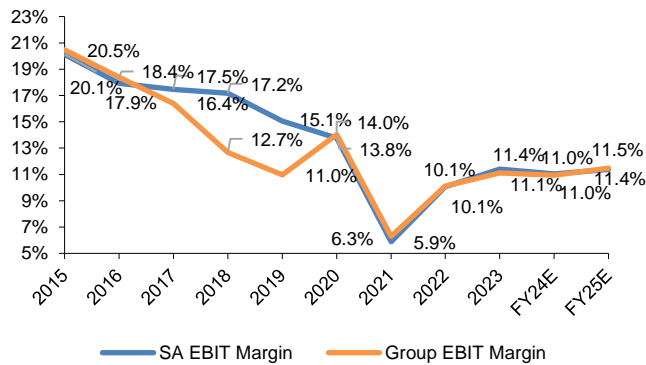
Key financial charts

Figure 6 EBIT margins segmental breakdown



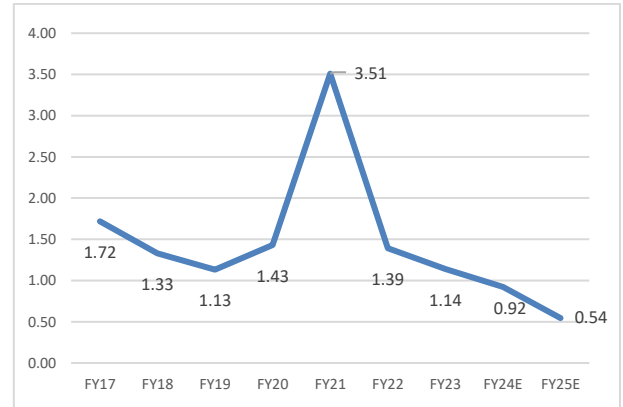
Source: Company data, ASB estimates

Figure 7 EBIT Margin – SA vs Group



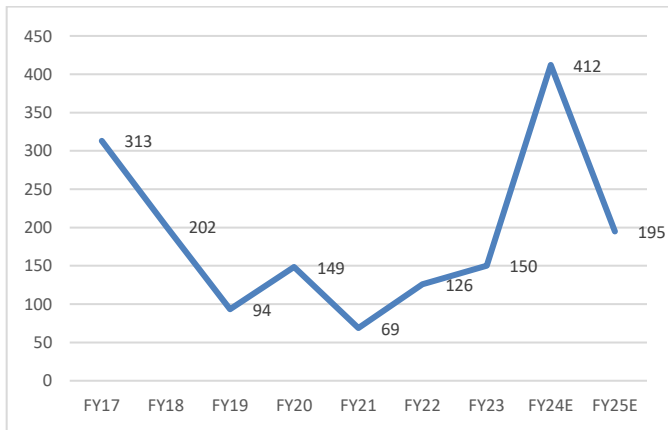
Source: Company data, ASB Research

Figure 8 Net debt/equity - x



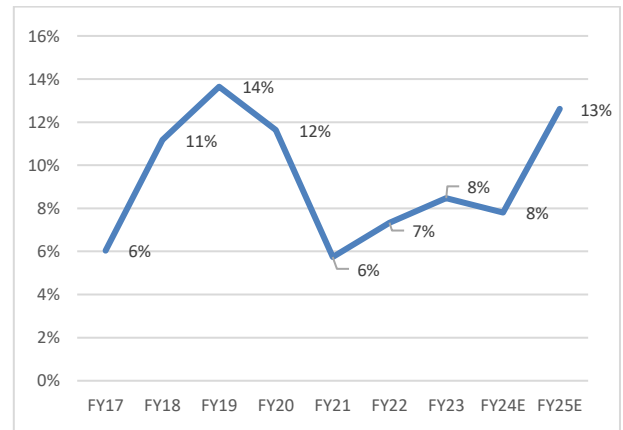
Source: Company data, ASB Research

Figure 9 Capex – R'm



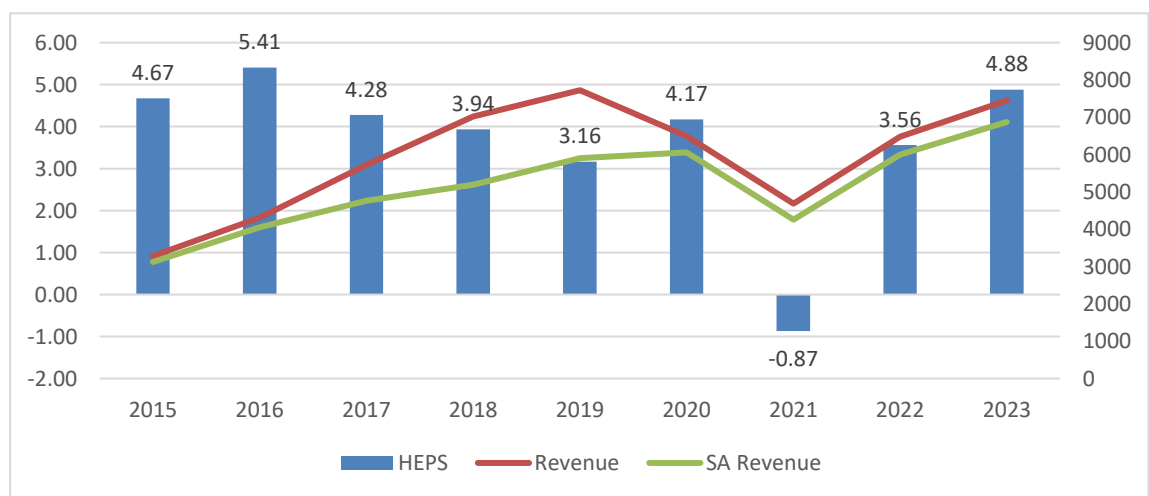
Source: Company data, ASB Research

Figure 10 Free cashflow yield



Source: Company data, ASB Research

Figure 11 HEPS vs Revenue



Source: Company data, ASB estimates

We revise our FY24E HEPS down from 548c to 535c and our FY25E HEPS from 647c to 622c. The extent of load shedding adds a considerable amount of forecast risk, particularly going into winter. We believe we have taken a conservative approach with our margin outlook.

The group is generating strong free cashflow allowing it to redeem debt as well as pay a healthy dividend in FY24E. We envisage a 75% dividend payout ratio in FY24E, taking it back to the levels pre the GBK transaction. At current levels the stock trades on an attractive 6.6% forward dividend yield.

Valuation

Figure 2 DFCF valuation assumptions

| WACC Assumptions | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Risk free rate | 11% |
| Beta | 0.9 |
| Market risk premium | 6.5% |
| Marginal tax rate | 27.0% |
| Pre-tax cost of debt | 9.0% |
| Cost of equity | 16.9% |
| Target debt/value ratio | 45% |
| Target equity/value ratio | 55% |
| WACC | 12.2% |
| Growth Rate assumption | |
| Sustainable long term growth rate | 4.0% |

Source: ASB estimates

Figure 3 DFCF sensitivity to WACC and growth rate

| | | WACC | | | | |
|-----------------|------|-------|--------|------|------|------|
| | | -1% | -0.50% | 0% | 0.5% | 1.0% |
| Terminal Growth | 3.0% | 8557 | 7962 | 7432 | 6956 | 6256 |
| | 3.5% | 8895 | 8250 | 7679 | 7169 | 6712 |
| | 4% | 9279 | 8575 | 7956 | 7407 | 6917 |
| | 4.5% | 9718 | 8944 | 8268 | 7673 | 7145 |
| | 5% | 10227 | 9366 | 8622 | 7972 | 7401 |

Source: ASB estimates

We value the group on a DFCF basis, applying a WACC of 12.2%, a risk premium of 6.5%, a beta of 0.9 and a sustainable long-term growth rate of 4%, as highlighted in the table above. Applying some sensitivities to WACC and terminal growth rates leads to a valuation range of R71.69-89.44/share. Applying the midpoint of the valuation range (R79.56), values the stock on a 12-month forward P/E of 14.9x. Based on our HEPS forecasts, the stock trades on a 12M forward P/E of 11.3x. This represents a 57% discount to the 5-year average P/E prior to the GBK transaction.

Famous Brands is trading on a forward 6.3x EV/EBITDA. A substantial discount to global peers such as YUM (19x), McDonalds (18x) and RBI (18x). It's hard to argue a return to these sorts of valuations given the SA backdrop, but the discount appears excessive and could make Famous Brands a candidate for a global operator looking for strong profitable QSR brands with a growing presence across Africa and the Middle East.

Risks

- **Load shedding** – 90% of stores are now operating during load shedding, an improvement on FY23. Disruptions range from the manufacturing plants to the logistics given traffic disruptions, operating hours of stores and food wastage. Some positive impact is felt in consumers acquiring fast food given cooking disruptions at home.
- A further deterioration in the SA economy will impact sales further, particularly for Signature brands.
- Water disruptions – these are currently being experienced but managed. Any further deterioration may disrupt operations.
- Reputational damage – social media, whilst beneficial from a marketing perspective, can have negative consequences. This is closely monitored with plans to address any adverse media.

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